

LM324, LM324A, LM224, LM2902, LM2902V, NCV2902

Quad Differential Input, Low Power Operational Amplifiers

The LM324 series are low-cost, quad operational amplifiers with true differential inputs. They have several distinct advantages over standard operational amplifier types in single supply applications. The quad amplifier can operate at supply voltages as low as 3.0 V or as high as 32 V with quiescent currents about one-fifth of those associated with the MC1741 (on a per amplifier basis). The common mode input range includes the negative supply, thereby eliminating the necessity for external biasing components in many applications. The output voltage range also includes the negative power supply voltage.

- Short Circuited Protected Outputs
- True Differential Input Stage
- Single Supply Operation: 3.0 V to 32 V (LM224, LM324, LM324A)
- Low Input Bias Currents: 100 nA Maximum (LM324A)
- Four Amplifiers Per Package
- Internally Compensated
- Common Mode Range Extends to Negative Supply
- Industry Standard Pinouts
- ESD Clamps on the Inputs Increase Ruggedness without Affecting Device Operation

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Rating	Symbol	LM224 LM324, LM324A	LM2902, LM2902V	Unit
Power Supply Voltages Single Supply Split Supplies	V_{CC} V_{CC}, V_{EE}	32 ± 16	26 ± 13	Vdc
Input Differential Voltage Range (Note 1)	V_{IDR}	± 32	± 26	Vdc
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V_{ICR}	-0.3 to 32	-0.3 to 26	Vdc
Output Short Circuit Duration	t_{SC}	Continuous		
Junction Temperature	T_J	150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-65 to +150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T_A			$^\circ\text{C}$
LM224		-25 to +85		
LM324, 324A		0 to +70		
LM2902			-40 to +105	
LM2902V, NCV2902			-40 to +125	

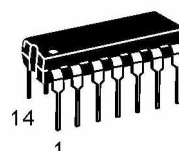
1. Split Power Supplies.

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.



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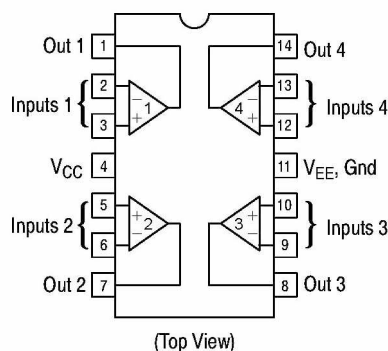


PDIP-14
N SUFFIX
CASE 646



SO-14
D SUFFIX
CASE 751A

PIN CONNECTIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 2565 of this data sheet.

DEVICE MARKING INFORMATION

See general marking information in the device marking section on page 2566 of this data sheet.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = \text{Gnd}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristics	Symbol	LM224			LM324A			LM324			LM2902			LM2902V			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Input Offset Voltage $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ to 30 V (26 V for LM2902, V), $V_{ICR} = 0\text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} - 1.7\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$, $R_S = 0\ \Omega$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ (Note 2) $T_A = T_{\text{low}}$ (Note 2)	V_{IO}	–	2.0	5.0	–	2.0	3.0	–	2.0	7.0	–	2.0	7.0	–	2.0	7.0	mV
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low} (Notes 2 and 4)	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	–	7.0	–	–	7.0	30	–	7.0	–	–	7.0	–	–	7.0	–	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Offset Current $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low} (Note 2)	I_{IO}	–	3.0	30	–	5.0	30	–	5.0	50	–	5.0	50	–	5.0	50	nA
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low} (Notes 2 and 4)	$\Delta I_{IO}/\Delta T$	–	10	–	–	10	300	–	10	–	–	10	–	–	10	–	$\text{pA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low} (Note 2)	I_{IB}	–	–90	–150	–	–45	–100	–	–90	–250	–	–90	–250	–	–90	–250	nA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 3) $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ (26 V for LM2902, V) $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low} (Note 2)	V_{ICR}	0	–	28.3	0	–	28.3	0	–	28.3	0	–	24.3	0	–	24.3	V
Differential Input Voltage Range	V_{IDR}	–	–	V_{CC}	–	–	V_{CC}	–	–	V_{CC}	–	–	V_{CC}	–	–	V_{CC}	V
Large Signal Open Loop Voltage Gain $R_L = 2.0\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$, for Large V_O Swing $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low} (Note 2)	A_{VOL}	50	100	–	25	100	–	25	100	–	25	100	–	25	100	–	V/mV
Channel Separation $10\text{ kHz} \leq f \leq 20\text{ kHz}$, Input Referenced	CS	–	–120	–	–	–120	–	–	–120	–	–	–120	–	–	–120	–	dB
Common Mode Rejection, $R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$	CMR	70	85	–	65	70	–	65	70	–	50	70	–	50	70	–	dB
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	65	100	–	65	100	–	65	100	–	50	100	–	50	100	–	dB

- LM224: $T_{\text{low}} = -25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +85^\circ\text{C}$
LM324/LM324A: $T_{\text{low}} = 0^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +70^\circ\text{C}$
LM2902: $T_{\text{low}} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +105^\circ\text{C}$
LM2902V: $T_{\text{low}} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +125^\circ\text{C}$
NCV2902: $T_{\text{low}} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +125^\circ\text{C}$. Guaranteed by design. NCV prefix is for automotive and other applications requiring site and change control.
- The input common mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V . The upper end of the common mode voltage range is $V_{CC} - 1.7\text{ V}$.
- Guaranteed by design.

LM324, LM324A, LM224, LM2902, LM2902V, NCV2902

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = \text{Gnd}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristics	Symbol	LM224			LM324A			LM324			LM2902			LM2902V			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Output Voltage— High Limit ($T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low}) (Note 5) $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2.0\text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ (26 V for LM2902, V), $R_L = 2.0\text{ k}\Omega$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ (26 V for LM2902, V), $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	V_{OH}	3.3	3.5	—	3.3	3.5	—	3.3	3.5	—	3.3	3.5	—	3.3	3.5	—	V
Output Voltage— Low Limit, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low} (Note 5)	V_{OL}	—	5.0	20	—	5.0	20	—	5.0	20	—	5.0	100	—	5.0	100	mV
Output Source Current ($V_{ID} = +1.0\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low} (Note 5)	I_{O+}	20 10	40 20	— —	20 10	40 20	— —	20 10	40 20	— —	20 10	40 20	— —	20 10	40 20	— —	mA
Output Sink Current ($V_{ID} = -1.0\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low} (Note 5) ($V_{ID} = -1.0\text{ V}$, $V_O = 200\text{ mV}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	I_{O-}	10 5.0 12	20 8.0 50	— — —	10 5.0 12	20 8.0 50	— — —	10 5.0 12	20 8.0 50	— — —	10 5.0 —	20 8.0 —	— — —	10 5.0 —	20 8.0 —	— — —	mA μA
Output Short Circuit to Ground (Note 6)	I_{SC}	—	40	60	—	40	60	—	40	60	—	40	60	—	40	60	mA
Power Supply Current ($T_A = T_{\text{high}}$ to T_{low}) (Note 5) $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ (26 V for LM2902, V), $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $R_L = \infty$ $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $R_L = \infty$	I_{CC}	— —	— —	3.0 1.2	— —	1.4 0.7	3.0 1.2	— —	— —	3.0 1.2	— —	— —	3.0 1.2	— —	— —	3.0 1.2	mA

5. LM224: $T_{\text{low}} = -25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +85^\circ\text{C}$
 LM324/LM324A: $T_{\text{low}} = 0^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +70^\circ\text{C}$
 LM2902: $T_{\text{low}} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +105^\circ\text{C}$
 LM2902V: $T_{\text{low}} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +125^\circ\text{C}$
 NCV2902: $T_{\text{low}} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{\text{high}} = +125^\circ\text{C}$. Guaranteed by design. NCV prefix is for automotive and other applications requiring site and change control.
6. The input common mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common mode voltage range is $V_{CC} - 1.7\text{ V}$.

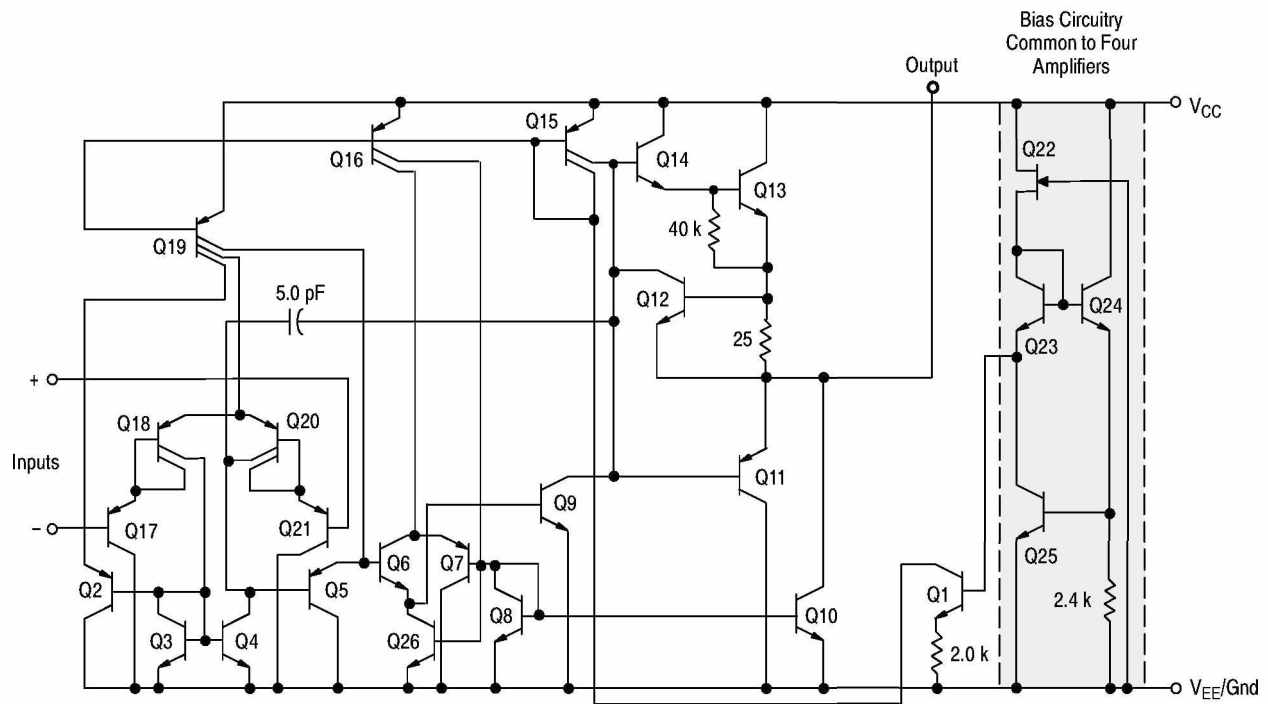


Figure 1. Representative Circuit Diagram
(One-Fourth of Circuit Shown)

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The LM324 series is made using four internally compensated, two-stage operational amplifiers. The first stage of each consists of differential input devices Q20 and Q18 with input buffer transistors Q21 and Q17 and the differential to single ended converter Q3 and Q4. The first stage performs not only the first stage gain function but also performs the level shifting and transconductance reduction functions. By reducing the transconductance, a smaller compensation capacitor (only 5.0 pF) can be employed, thus saving chip area. The transconductance reduction is accomplished by splitting the collectors of Q20 and Q18. Another feature of this input stage is that the input common mode range can include the negative supply or ground, in single supply operation, without saturating either the input devices or the differential to single-ended converter. The second stage consists of a standard current source load amplifier stage.

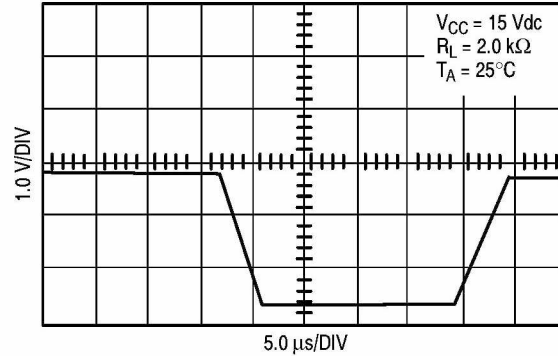


Figure 2. Large Signal Voltage Follower Response

Each amplifier is biased from an internal-voltage regulator which has a low temperature coefficient thus giving each amplifier good temperature characteristics as well as excellent power supply rejection.

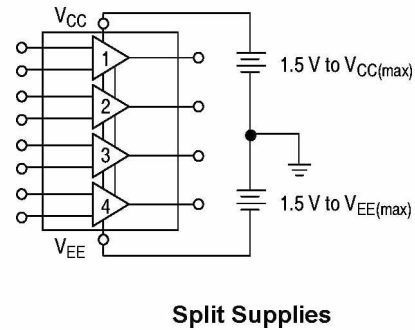
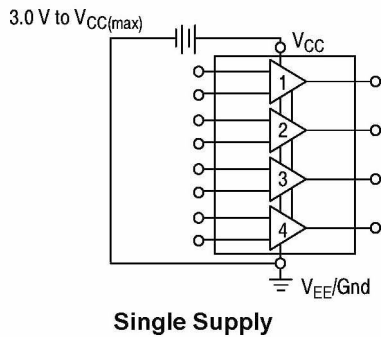


Figure 3.

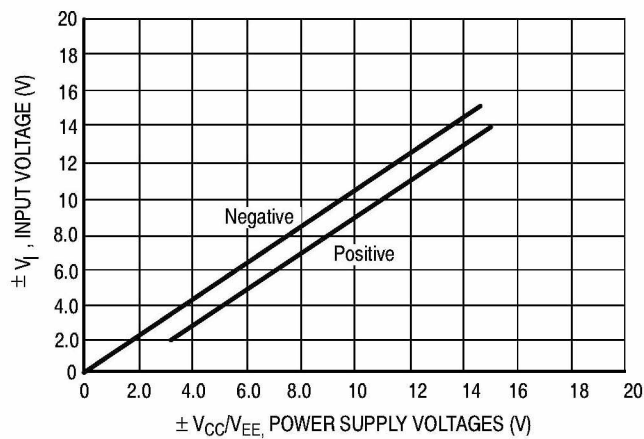


Figure 4. Input Voltage Range

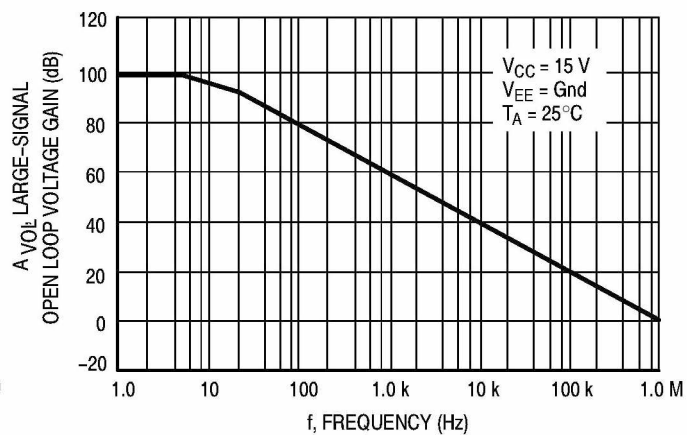


Figure 5. Open Loop Frequency

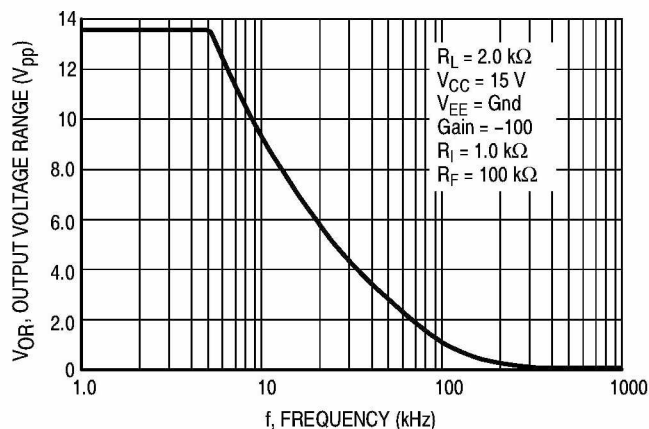


Figure 6. Large-Signal Frequency Response

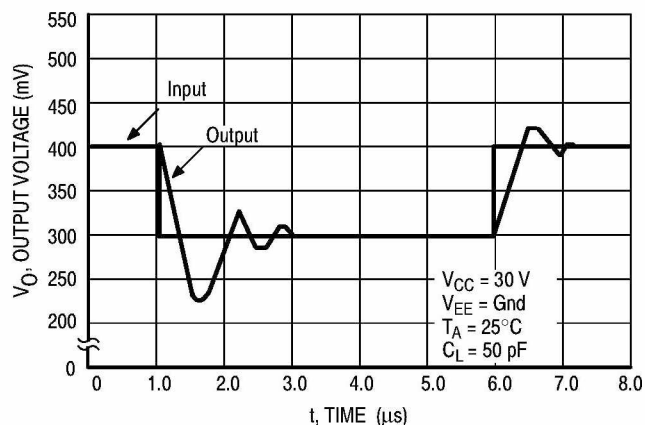


Figure 7. Small-Signal Voltage Follower Pulse Response (Noninverting)

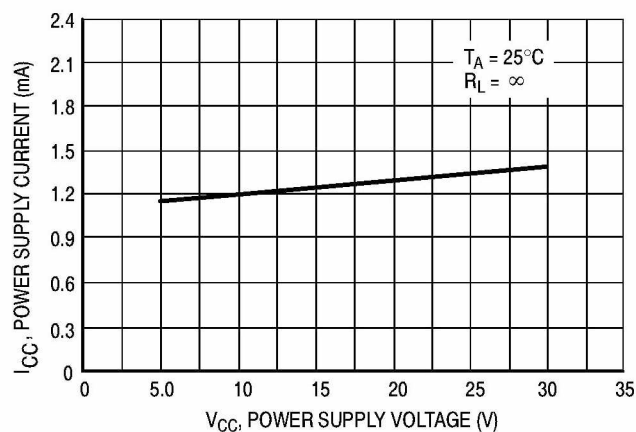


Figure 8. Power Supply Current versus Power Supply Voltage

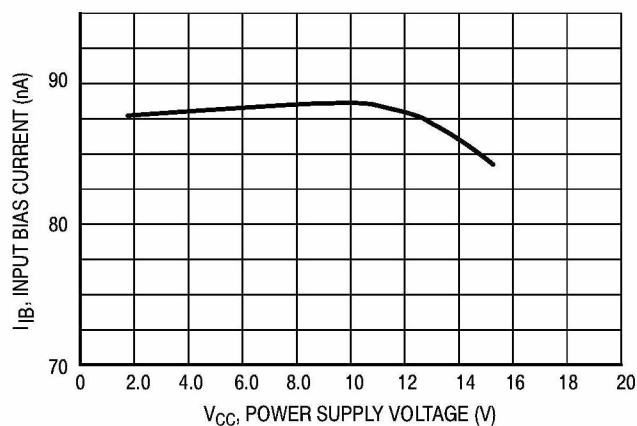


Figure 9. Input Bias Current versus Power Supply Voltage

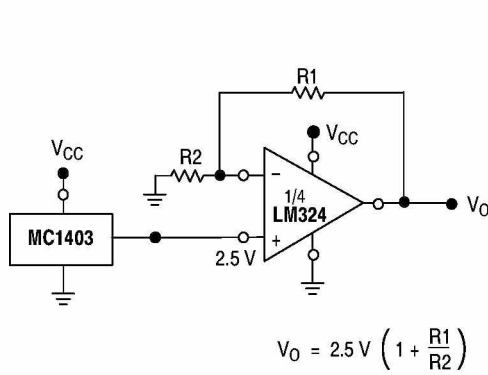


Figure 10. Voltage Reference

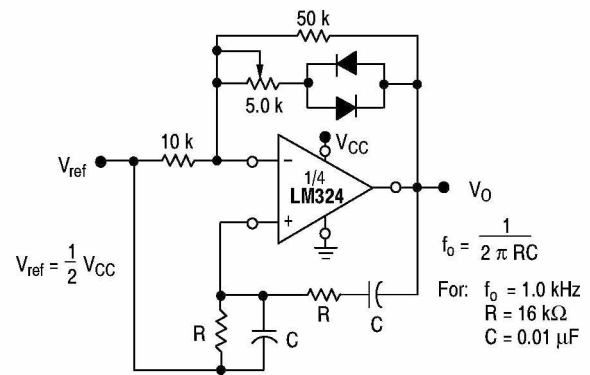


Figure 11. Wien Bridge Oscillator

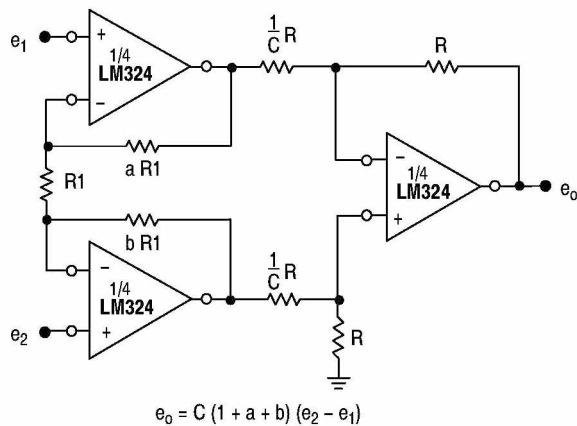


Figure 12. High Impedance Differential Amplifier

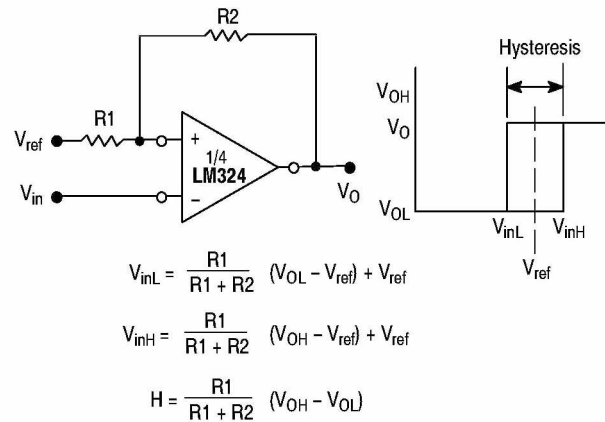


Figure 13. Comparator with Hysteresis

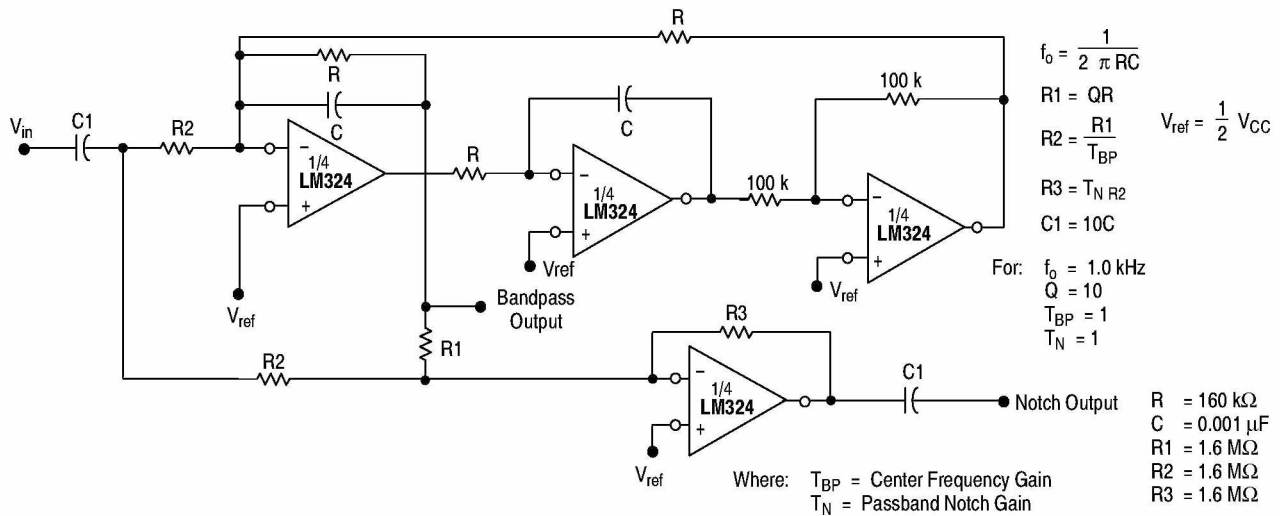


Figure 14. Bi-Quad Filter

LM324, LM324A, LM224, LM2902, LM2902V, NCV2902

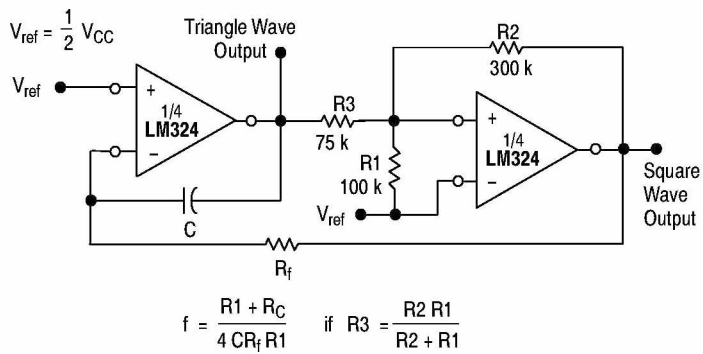


Figure 15. Function Generator

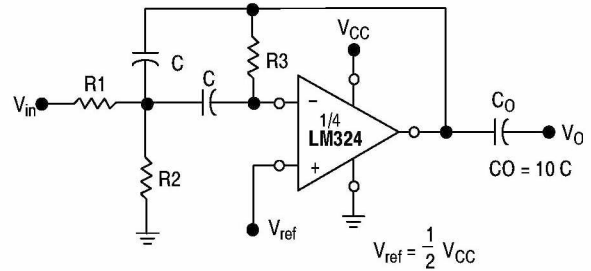


Figure 16. Multiple Feedback Bandpass Filter

Given: f_o = center frequency
 $A(f_o)$ = gain at center frequency

Choose value f_o , C

Then: $R3 = \frac{Q}{\pi f_o C}$

$R1 = \frac{R3}{2 A(f_o)}$

$R2 = \frac{R1 R3}{4 Q^2 R1 - R3}$

For less than 10% error from operational amplifier, $\frac{Q_o f_o}{BW} < 0.1$

where f_o and BW are expressed in Hz.

If source impedance varies, filter may be preceded with voltage follower buffer to stabilize filter parameters.

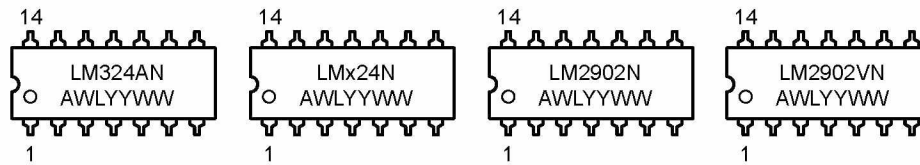
LM324, LM324A, LM224, LM2902, LM2902V, NCV2902**ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Operating Temperature Range	Shipping
LM224D	SO-14	-25° to +85°C	55 Units/Rail
LM224DR2	SO-14		2500 Tape & Reel
LM224N	PDIP-14		25 Units/Rail
LM324D	SO-14	0° to +70°C	55 Units/Rail
LM324DR2	SO-14		2500 Tape & Reel
LM324N	PDIP-14		25 Units/Rail
LM324AD	SO-14		55 Units/Rail
LM324ADR2	SO-14		2500 Tape & Reel
LM324AN	PDIP-14		25 Units/Rail
LM2902D	SO-14	-40° to +105°C	55 Units/Rail
LM2902DR2	SO-14		2500 Tape & Reel
LM2902N	PDIP-14		25 Units/Rail
LM2902VD	SO-14	-40° to +125°C	55 Units/Rail
LM2902VDR2	SO-14		2500 Tape & Reel
LM2902VN	PDIP-14		25 Units/Rail
NCV2902DR2	SO-14		2500 Tape & Reel

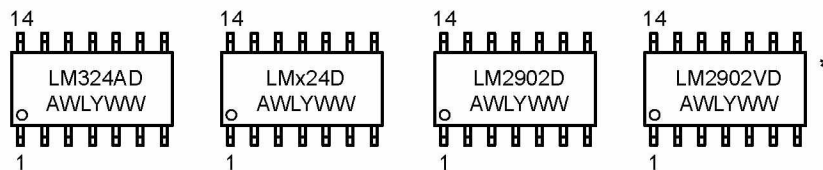
LM324, LM324A, LM224, LM2902, LM2902V, NCV2902

MARKING DIAGRAMS

PDIP-14 N SUFFIX CASE 646



SO-14 D SUFFIX CASE 751A



x = 2 or 3
A = Assembly Location
WL = Wafer Lot
YY, Y = Year
WWW, W = Work Week

*This marking diagram also applies to NCV2902.